ODES

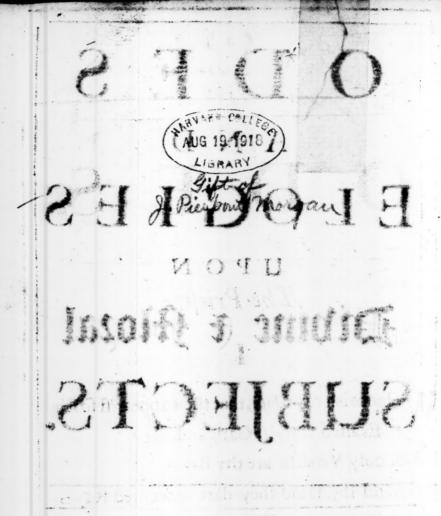
ELOGIES

UPON

Divine & Mozal SUBJECTS.

LONDON:

Printed for Henry Bonwicke at the Red-Lion in St. Paul's Church-yard, 1698.



And Sing the word of the second of the secon

lle seinelli bi

ODES.

The Priest.

I.

Whence is't my Muse, that thou appear'st so sair?

Exalted both in Garb and Air?

Not only Verdant are thy Bayes,

But round thy Head they dart unwonted Rayes.

Muse] Did not great Wor'ster, learn'd Ely late

Their matchless Works to thee communicate?

Make them frequent thy unfrequented Gate?

And that my Laurel Springs, dost thou admire?

Enough, my Muse! th'ast Reason to aspire.

Strain to a higher Key thy Strings,

And Sing henceforth of Sacred Things;

Odes

Odes and Elogies essay divine,
The Priest to these thou'lt rightly joyn,
The Priest too let thy Layes adorn,
The Priest so much the Ages Scorn.

II.

God with his Voice, did once his Laws proclaim
In Thunders, Earthquakes, and in Fire,
Lest if Mens Hearts he only did inspire,
And they no Outward Object saw,
They shou'd deny him Author of his Law,
And take him for an empty Name:
But the Conviction was so full of Dread,
While Men beheld that God did live, themselves were
[well-nigh dead.

Their finful Nature they confest too weak, To bear his Presence, or to hear him speak.

It

III.

Of Men, to be unto the World his Voice.

Not that all Men should claim this Grace,

No, not the Blemish'd, even of Aaron's Race,

Less

Less the prophane and vile by Trade.

'Tis true, that he did call

Elisha from the Plow, and Amos from the Oxes Stall,

And Fishermen Apostles made.

· But then his Call advanc'd their State;

As Men from Earth, Wise men from Idiots did create.

These to the World at first did Preach, God inspir'd what they did teach.

Says he, Solicitous be not what to say, It shall be given you in that day.

IV.

But when our Lord to Heav'n had shew'd the Way,
And none but the Perverse cou'd stray,
Of such Almighty Aid there was no need,
It was enough the Rule to weigh, as well as read;

Together with a pious Heart,
Study to use, and humane Art.
Industry to undergo,
And learned Languages to know

And learned Languages to know.

The which the Spirit does befriend, Tho' it o'er-bears not Men unto the End.

(s

V.

Heav'n enough we ne'er can praise,
When Botchers, Coblers, from the Stall,
Their Itch to Preach do term a Call;
And those a God deny, believe no Priest at all;
That yet the Holy Order we enjoy,

- . Debased by no late Alloy;
 - Learn'd, Apostolick, and pure,
 That siery Trials can endure,
 And Truth 'gainst Hell it self secure.

VI.

MY Muse, thy Lyre is faint and weak,
One Stillingsleet alone to speak;
His Rev'rend Aspect, Gracious Life to draw,
Answ'ring both Gospel and Levitic Law;
Who Singly dares all Hereticks engage,
Their Strength, their Rudeness, and their Rage,
Hower sam'd in ours, or any former Age.
When ancient Errors they disguise,
Or New devise,
He does detect them with his piercing Eyes.

The Reason shew, they so much vaunt,
Is miserable Sophistry and Cant;
Their Doublings, Sculkings can descry,
Dodging 'tween Gibb'rish and Philosophy,
Their Scoptic and Elaborate; Shifts expound;
Be the grave Nonsense never so prosound.
If to Antiquity, or Tongues, they sly,
They find that there,
He's Conversant, and they but Strangers are.

VII.

The folid Truth, when heretofore,
Such Triflers cou'd not shake,
The Good Man they, their Sport did make:
With Flourishes of Wit insulted o're.
Hobbs, tho' subtil in Dispute,
His Talent was to baffle, not consute.
And when he made a lucky Jest,
His Follow'rs thought he had the Best.
But here, together with the Truth, they see,
Language and Wit, tho' both neglected be;

So strong, so beautiful, and high, What they their Business make, is far below his Bye; That here their Petulance so ill they place, They throw but Dirt upon a lovely Face, Which them does bruitish shew, but it no way dif-

Pfal. lxxvii. 7.

Will the Lord cast off for ever? Will be be favourable no more?

Written before the Peace.

An

Hen Menthro' high Prefumption disobey. Not by mistake, but knowing, go astray What wonder is it, if they Danger meet, As Cattle led not by their Head, but Feet, And like to them, become a Prey? What wonder is it, when they cry; . And when Afflictions them oppress, That God is Deaf to their Diffress,

And does all Help to them deny? They cry not from their Sense of Sin, 58 bnA But from the Durance they are in; Deliverance if they cou'd obtain, And in beloved Sins remain, Midft Threats of Hell, their present Ease, they'd hold For present Ease is all their Care, This their Devotion warms, 'tis this enflames their

f e.

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y,

n

TN these our Days, Loud are the Plaints we here, "'Tis now no less than the Ninth Year, "That Wars amaze: · "Th' Accounts brought to us from abroad, "However Various, Evils all record; Allies are false, and seprate Leagues renew [true; "France only and the Port between themselves are "Plantations late are lost, our Merchants tan'e, "Thousands by Famine, Sieges, Earthquakes slain: " Forts are betray'd,

B 4

"Towns storm'd, ras'd, plunder'd, or in Ashes lay'd:

Even

"Even at this Distance, Bombs we seem to hear,

"And Seas, tho interpos'd, secure us not from sear:

"And in these Mis'ryshaving long been tos't,

"'Tis fay'd, Our hop'd for Peace, at last, is crost.

Ungrateful Men confess,

Our Evils, than our Sins, are less;

And Providence adore,
Upon this very Score,
However they are near,

We do not see and feel them, tho we hear; That in Gazetts they only have a Place,

Of Slaughters when we read,
None in our Streets do bleed,

And Bombs and Cannon flash not in our Face.

HI.

ives admorralisately

Their Suffrings those compute, but not their Sin;
Long it would be, before these Men confess,
That more than twice Nine Years th'ave lived in
Prophaness, Whoredom, and in Drunkenness;
That Means they never us'd, Lust to subdue,
Ne'er car'd to pay to God or Man their Due;

Or thought the Nations Happiness the less,
When most Enormous Crimes did it oppress;
But if the Foe, at any time prevail'd,
To murmur and complain they never fail'd.
If Vengeance, with our Sins, kep't equal Pace,
Deplorable, in truth, wou'd be our Case:

:

For yet no Age did ever see,

Vices improv'd to such Degree:

He that was lately Lew'd, essays

To justify his wicked Ways

By Blasphemy:

Our Libertines are Unitarians grown,

Themselves to be Socinians, Deists, own.

I doubt to call, what's ugly, Paints,

Yet these Pretences are but Feints,

For Atheism is the real End,

To which these Vizor-Names do tend.

IV.

The Foe of God and Man does now despise,
By sly Delusions, to subvert a few,
Here and there to gain a Prize,

To Tempt, he holds below his Fame,
It answers not his Mighty Aim,
[fubdue.]
Which is, Religion, Truth, and all that's Holy, to
God's Throne, in Heav'n, he did attack in vain,
But that, on Earth, he doubts not to obtain:
And with these Hopes his Grandees does excite

To Piqueroon no more.

To Piqueroon no more, As mean and poor,

But 'gainst the strongest Forts of Faith to fight,

Adult'ry, Murder are the common Facts,

A Vulgar Sinner daily acts;

Exploits of greater Moment and Effect,

He from his Heroes does expect,

Not only, by their Lives, that they deny,

But by their Words and Pens, a Deity;

That they invalid and difgrace

The facred Writ, that holds with Men so high a Place,

That makes Distinction between Good and Bad,

Fools terms Wise; and Wisemen Mad:

'Tis this, Religious Mormoes, does sustain,

And Hells Endeavours renders vain:

For

All that is seen, a God does preach.

As Air and Earth, were other Sermons mute,
Them we'd dispise, and not consute;
Ne'er seare, tho' Tellescopes discry,
A spot i'th' Sun, or unknown Star i'th' Sky,
That God they'll ever shew unto a Mortal Eye.

For what Men idly teach,

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V.

IN vain we hope for Peace,

While against Heaven we war,

Blessings expect, when Sins encrease,

And what we beg, our selves debar.

We use the Pfalmists Words in vain,

In this our State provoke, when we complain.

"Will the Lord's Anger always burn?

"His Favour will it ne'er return?

"His Mercy has he quite forgot?

"And will he never,

"From out his Book Transgressions blot,

"But cast us off for ever?

God at no time is flow to hear,

To Contrite Souls to lend an Ear,
Their Supplications does not flight,
Or in their Miseries delight.

From him all Cruelty's removed far,
And Men alone Obdurate are;
We think, that Months and Years, we wait
His Pleasure to redress our State,
Deplore his long protracted stay,
When, in truth, 'tis We delay,
And God it is, that does attend,

Till we reform our Lives, and impious Ways amend;

If this were done, no more wou'd need,

Bleffings from Heav'n wou'd come with winged

[Speed.

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Orthologia, backward

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Pfal. xc. 10.

The days of our Age are Threescore years and Ten.

I.

The Pomp and Affluence that did await,
His new recover'd Throne and State;
Says he, Thy Servant fourfcore Years has pass't,
And can I longer what's Delicious taste?
The Voice of Singing Men or Women hear?
It more becomes my present Care,
To cast an Eye upon my Grave, and End,
Than to Pleasures now pretend,

II.

More for a Tomb, than for a Court prepare.

The Old as little Relish find
In youthful Pleasure,
As dying Men do at the News of Treasure;
Or those that hoodwink't are or Blind

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d.

1

In what is Fair;

To them the Object is, as 'twere not there.

When on the Beautiful the Aged look,

Straightway without Delight,
They drop their Sight,

And by its Charms are no way strook.

When loud, at Triumphs, are the Peoples Voice,

With Feafting, Bells, and Bonfires, all rejoyce,

Calmly they their Sense express,

Bless the God, that does them bless,

All beside this, to them is Irksomness.

And 'twere not much, if such were all The Evils which old Age befall, Sharp Pains do also them attack, Their Board afflictive makes their Bed a Rack.

III.

YEt as a Bleffing, Men old Age do prize,
And justly; the infirm, it also wise:
It is not captivated with the sight,
Of evr'y Toy; but judges right:
What others dote on, can despise:

When

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When it contests with Aches or the Stone, Under Infirmities, or Years does grone,

It is but like the Pain,

A Prisoner does sustain,

When they his Gyves unlock,

The Bolts, to free him, rudely from him knock;

A Glorious Jubile he fees is near,

[fear.

And Death is welcom, cause, he after it does nothing

But if that Men grow old in Sin,

Sad indeed's the State they are in,

Beside the Burden under which they lye,

There's always standing in their Eye,

The Horrors of a fad Eternity.

n

Boar and Ruth.

I.

Hen Boaz 'mong his Reapers came, And lovely Ruth did gleaning fee, She feem'd an Angel in his Eyes, Clad in a mean and mortal Guise: Aftonish'd in no low degree, He ask't the Damzels Name, And being told, With Joy he her no less, than Wonder did behold: For tho, by Face, she was unknown, Her near Alliance he did own, And long before she came, Lowd was the Trumpet of her Fame: These things he gladly understood, Tho Love alone supply'd both Fame and Blood: He gave the Reapers charge, To let her range the Field at large, And no way her reproach, Tho on the bound-up Sheavs she did encroach,

But

But rather, purposly let fall
Handfuls of Ears: For in his Heart, he wish't her All.

A homely foods you'll fly, for One fo

HIs Speech he next did to her self address,
After the most obliging wise,
A Virtuous Passion cou'd devise,
And Love and Bounty both express.

Damsel, say'd he, glean not elswhere,
You shall be always welcome here;
Strict Command on all l'ave lay'd,
That high regard to you be pay'd,
And when you are with Heat opprest,
Where to resresh and be at rest,

These Maids will show.

Surpriz'd she was, and bowed low,

(For Boaz, 'mong the Great Ones, had a Name)

The sense of such unlook't for Grace,

Flush't in her sweet and modest Face,

And, 'bove her Words, declar'd her highest Aim,

Was but his humble Handmaid to be known,

If yet so proud a Little she might own.

C

Wirth.

When

When Evening came, she gladly bore To Naomi her gather'd store;

A homely Load, you'll say, for One so Faire, And who deserv'd much more to weare A Robe of Ermins and a Crown: But Royal Ensigns, tho of high Renown, May not with Filial Piety compare.

III.

HEaring the Progress Ruth had made,
Naomi worship't; And then said,
Our gloomy Days begin to clear,
Our Sorrows draw unto an end,
We have no longer Cause to fear,

Altho the Good is small,

Which doth to us befal, [more intend. Compared with the Glorious Work, which God does

By a Prophetick Ray,

I see, I see, the Blessed Day,

Moab and Ammon will no more,

Baal, Moloch, Albreroth adore,

But Israel's God obey;

Abram

VI

lnc

Abra'm will Lot a Second time redeem----Here to adore, the then again did feem,
And Daughter fay'd, observe what I appoint,
In Jordan bath, and cleanse away the Soyl,
Contracted by your late incessant Toyl;

With precious Oyl your felf Anoint,
Adorn you in your best Attire,

That Nature may with Grace conspire, Till we do all, we can our selves Essect;

Divine Affistance vainly we expect.

Boaz will shortly hold his Harvest Feast,

Where you will be a bright and shining Guest,

Keep still your natural modest Mien,

Most meek, when Beauty's most Imperious seen:

This your Excellence will show, [know. When that which All admire, your self you do not

IV.

JPon the solemn Feasting Day,
First, Boaz, did the Temple's Dutys pay,
and then, to all that Genial was, gave way.

3

The Threshing-sloor did loudly ring, [sing. While on Cymbals some did play, to Timbrels others

The good of all the Land was there, What ever fruitful Canaan bears;

With gen'rous Wine the Cups went round,

· The loaded Tables did abound
With Fatlings of the Earth and Air:

And there not only Plenty was, but Wir,
Or something that did pass for it,
The Room did reel with harmless Rural Mirth,
While some applauded, others gave it birth.

Thus the Guests themselves did please,

· But Boaz Soul aloft did foar,

A Divine Rapture him did feize,

And to Celestial Regions bore,

Where he did behold,

In sacred Leaves enrol'd,

His Offspring shou'd a Scepter sway,

All Judah, his and Ruth's Posterity obey.

And in dark Clouds the more involved,
Yet Greater things,

This Wonder of all Wonders Heav'n resolv'd,

From them should come the Lord of Lords, and King of Kings

\mathbf{V} .

'He Fleeting of his Soul to hide, Frolick he bid his Guests abide. With Thanks, they told him he might spare, To have of them a further Care, After so long enjoying fuch voluptuous Fare. The Day was spent, And with a joint Confent, To leave the Board, all signs did give, Thither they came to Feast, but not to Live; Tho all delicious were, and nought did cloy. Men in long time grow weary even of Joy. Boaz was glad to fee his Guests well pleas'd, And of his Care not forry to be eas'd, That what imported more, he might pursue, Confider'd yet if ought from him was due, Then from his Princely overflowing store, Large Gifts he sent unto the absent Poor, That which Religion did begin, the Meal, He careful was, with Charity and holy Hymns to eal

VΙ

VI.

O Ruth he did declare that Night, His love and high effeem, And his Faith to her did plight, In case her nearer Kinsman wav'd his Right, Her and her Heritage he wou'd redeem. Which falling out to his defire, His heart supprest a scorching Fire, Till he his Purpose did relate, Before the Judges fitting in the Gate. Which heard: with One united Voice, They all approv'd, and bleft his Choice: For unto them 't was not unknown, That she despis'd the Gods of Wood and Stone; Her Parents, Country, all did leave, To th' God of Israel, tho with wants to cleave. It added also much unto her Fame, Lovers both You g and Rich she did disclaim, And chose with Boaz to engage, An Elder as in Honour, now also one in Age.

F

They pray'd like Leah, the might fruitful prove,
Powerful, as Rachel, to excite his Love.
Before the Year its Courfe had run,
All Vows were hear'd,
And joyful Naomi in her Bosom rear'd,
A darling, and much pray'd for Son.

On David and Goliab.

I.

Marshall'd and drawn-up in array,
The Host of Israel and Philistia stood,
An ample Plain between them lay,
Design'd the present Stage of Blood.
From the Uncircumcis'd a Champion came,
The Earth a Prouder never bore,
A Squire and Terror usher'd him before,
Goliah was his Name.

e;

We do not read,

He was renown'd for any Warlike deed,

Nor was there need.

C 4

His

His vast Dimensions did suffice,
Without the help of Enterprize.

To rigefter his Fame.

His Stature did furpass,

The fize of human Race,

His monst rous Limbs were clad in Brass,

Dreadful his Aspect, insolent his Pace.

Between the Camps he stood, and thus did cry,

All that bear Arms in Ifrael I defy,

Among your Troops, he that's of greatest Might,

I Challenge to contest with me in single Fight.

And let the Vanquish't side serve and obey

His, whose Victorious Arms shall win the Day.

But from his Face all fled for fear, [drew near. His Presence without Stroke, beat up the Quarrers he

11.

His haughty and presumptuous Pride,

The Host and God of Israel both despite;

The Boaster more to bassle and deride,

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Divine Wisdom did refuse,

A Champion from the Camp to chuse,
Eut to disgrace, as well as to destroy,
From out the Sheep-solds sent a blushing Boy.
Who did the Semblance of a Virgin bear,
So sresh his looks, so white his Limbs, so slowing was

Thin the Youth was also clad,

Sword por Armor had, golden a land and

Nor trained was in Military Art,

A Lamb without, but Giant in his Heart,

When the o'reweaning Foe did on him look,

To be so scorn'd, he cou'd not brook,

With Rage being ready even to burst,

His Sword he drew not, but his Tongue and curst.

Then 'gainst his Youth and Weapons thus he raves,

Am I a Dog, thou com'ft to me with Staves?

Or do'ft thou hope that I,

Who dare even Gods defy,

Will thee vouchfafe the Name of Enemy?

To be a Prey th' art fitter for a Kite.

Than with a Man of War, like me to fight.

Diving William did relations.

To his Contempt thus David did reply.
On thy huge Bulk thou do'st rely,
Thy massy Spear and Coat of Mail,
Which nothing yet shall thee avail,
But thy vain Considence only show,
And more inglorious make thy Overthrow:
Unarm'd to thee I come, but in his Might,
Who Sword nor Shield does use in fight,

Who Sword nor Shield does use in fight,
Thy Headless Carcass I will throw,

To dogs and wolves, to pay the Debt, thy Blasphemy

Goliah urg'd thus high, to combate rose,

David as prompt, before they came to Close,

His Shepherds Tackling 'gainst him bent,

There was no doubt of good Event, [fent, Not only from the Shing, but Heaven, the Stone was

Which in his Brain took up its fatal Bed,

The Giant lowr'd his lofty Head,

And fell, as if afham'd of his Difgrace,

Prone and grovling on his Face.

115

His pond'rous Corps did loud resound,

As if a Tow'r of Brasshad rush't unto the Ground.

Israel rais, d a chearful shout,

Their Champions death their Foes did rout,

Who fell by thousands all the Way,

'Twixt Ekron, Gath and Shaaron lay.

IV: Va talan D org 17

Refore the King and Captains David stood,

Before the King and Captains David stood,

Holding the Head, they did so lately fear,

Which made his beaut'ous Youth more excellent ap
And all pronounc'd him worthy, with one Voyce,

Not only of Saul's Promise, but his Choyce.

For where a Son, so Glorious cou'd he find?

Or if not seen, have fancy'd in his Mind?

And there was none did Saul so far engage,

To hold his Word, as Jonathan, first Hero of his Age.

And Princes Michal, by a secret Flame,

Approv'd the Justice of the Victors Claim.

11

is

Even at this early Day,

His Air did future Majesty display,

To which these things did only plain the Way.

But e'er he lay'd his Sheephook down,

Assum'd a Scepter and a Crown,

Greater Prowesse he must show,

More Goliahs overthrow,

Envy, Malice, Jealousy,

Slanders, Snares and Treachery,

Temptations must with those combine,

And thro them all a mighty Grace must shine.

Thus God conducts the noble to their End,

Davids high Virtue made him Davids Friend.

Strito, 13 - service we want of ser

: Less begin city in our or of the contract

Amnous the Variation is laured,

Publish Providen USE VIST day 2 18 2

It extend on the build of the to book and

Where'er they March; Victory went alone

Davids

Davids Lamentation, on the Death of Saul and Jonathan.

I.

He Daugusen

How

Rief and Amazement in my Breast contend, To th' highest Part, both in this Threne pretend Both fay, To me pertains the fatal Story, Ifrael has lost her Beauty and her Glory; Her high Renown, in Arms disgrace't, Her Old stupendious Victorys deface'r. Her King and mighty Men are overthrown, Offended God, his People and his Hoft refus'd to own, Horror invades me, when I fay, The Strong have cast their Shields away, Their Bodys ly upon the Ground, Among the Vulgar flain are found, [Crown'd. As Saul, with holy Oyl, had ne'er anointed been, and The Blood of Foes his Sword did always stain, And Jonathans, from Fight, did ne'er return in vain. As fwift as Eagles, and as Lions strong, Where'er they March, Victory went along.

How are the Mighty in the Battle slain! Who shall thy Glory Israel now sustain?

II.

He Daughters of Philistia will rejoyce, In Dances, and with Instruments and Voyce. Israels Dishonour make their Theme. Dagon extol, the God of Heaven blaspheme, Gilboa, the Scene of all our Woe. May Corn nor Grass e'er on thee grow, Such Bleffings may'ft thou never know. An Off'ring to God's House to pay, A Lamb or Sheaf upon his Altar lay. The Conflict was not in the Plain, In thy High Places Trust was put in vain: Israel never felt so heavy a Rod, But when she lost the Ark, the Symbol of her God. Saul and Jonathan in their Lives, Lovely and pleasant were in all Mens Eyes; Their Death the Land has wounded deep,

Daughters of Sion mourn and weep,

In Gold and Scarlet Saul did you array,
His Reign, your Lives made constant Holy-day.

How are the Mighty in the Battel stain!

Who shall thy Glory, Israel, now sustain?

III.

AH! my brother Jonathan,
Generous Prince, and more than Man,
A nobler Soul was never Guest,
Than thine, in any Mortals Breast:
To me thou yet resigne st a Throne,
No less by Virtue, than by Birth, thy Own.
The Love for which I unto thee do owe,
Was wonderful, surpast what softest Women know.
Great for thee is my Distress,
Thy Loss, my Soul, does like to Death oppress.
Utter my Harp some losty Strain,
That his Memory may retain,
But Harp and Hand invoked are in vain.

And they did love involved victing.

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A traffy and not a factor, in the places

A Care and not a Could of Love.

The powerful Notes did disenthral,

From the Evil Spirit rescue Saul,

Faint, and wans Help themselves when they relate

How we the Mighty in the Battel sain! [thy Fall

Who shall thy Glory, Ifrael, now sustain?

All Sin is Folly.

continued the same of the same land

Then the Confusion which Men find,
In their recoiling Mind,
After their Wicked Deeds:
For the Sin's no sooner o're,
But they immediately deplore, [possess before The loss of Wisdom, Virtue, Innocence, which they
The Veil is fallen from the Face
Of the bewitching Sin,
And they disclose, involv'd within,
A Hag, and not a Helen, in the place;
That which they loath and disapprove,

A Cure, and not a Cause of Love.

11,

That first their Guilt themselves shou'd find,
Their Conscience them upbraid,
Chastise and make afraid,

Before the Law their Crimes cou'd reach, A sober disabused Mind shou'd them impeach.

'Twas not the Parable o'th' Poor-mans Lamb,

Did Davids Soulat first awake,

These words [l'ave sinn'd] within his Heart he spake'

Before that Nathan came.

Nor was't the Cock's repeated Crow,

Made Peter his Transgression know.

It star'd in's Face, and stood before his Eye,

While yet he curs'd, and did his Lord deny;

The Horror and Compunction felt within,

Forestal'd the outward Herald of his Sin,

ley

III.

Tho Sin's a Folly, it does not yet denote,
Things of a small and light Import,
But such as are of greatest Weight,
[State.
Folly, in what concerns our mortal and immortal

'Tis a Defect, but 'tis no Jest;

Not what Men laugh at, but detest.

The Flames of Hell are said, to yield no Light,
So Sin, the foolish, causes no Delight.

Absurd and harmless things, our Mirth do make,
They're Fools themselves, pleasure in Mischief take.
Who o'rea Precipice, can a blind Man see
To step, and laugh at the Calamity,
Be tickl'd at the Sight of such an Evil,
Must have the Spleen and Malice of a Devil.

As when are a property is toody at

IN a wicked Man's Condition,

There is not only Error, but Perdition,

Mistake, but Death, in all Transgression.

1 Just

For God he makes his Foe, who was his Friend,
The Bow he for him bent, against him bend.
Those then that by his Goodness are not won,
It will concern his Vengeance yet to shun,

Th' Apostle makes this smart Demand, To those his Anger dare withstand, Are Men, than he, of greater Power?

There's none, that think so, in their Wits, But in Sins raging and over bearing Fits, As if they were, they slight him in that Hour.

Eternal Burning who can bear ?

None possibly:

And yet in Sin when Men engaged are, Whether they can or no, they do not care.

doV to sus

Folly in Sin does ne'er so high abound,

As when among the Saints 'tis found,

They Sin against a mighty'r Grace,

Boldly transgress,

Before God's Face.

JMI

D a

Aftro-

Astronomers wonder in no mean Degree,
Dark spots i'th' Body of the Sun to see,
I'th' Source and Font of Light to find,
Night and Day together joyn'd.
The World's yet seiz'd with more amaze,
And does, as at a Portent gaze,
When crimes, the Righteous stain and spot,
Their Lives, like common Persons blot;
When such bright Luminarys cease to shine,
Sully'd, to darkness in their Orbs incline,
Frailty consess, who were suppos'd Divine.

VI.

When from what's just the Impious range,

There falls out nothing that is strange;

But when a David does from Grace depart,

Adult'ry and Murder perpetrate,

A Man that's after God's own Heart,

The Truth of Faith the Hilly sear,

In'ts Firmament no greater Prodigie can appear.

The Salt that shou'd preserve, the World does taint;

Those Sin encourage, who shou'd lay restraint;

Religion does it self receive a Wound,

Atheres blaspheme upon this Ground.

The Sin of ev'ry Saint,

Adams Offence does lively paint;

For ev'ry Saint's renew'd again

Unto God's Image he was created in,

And if he frood in Adams place,

He wou'd the stamp again deface,

A second Time destroy all human Race.

Quakers.

I.

Tho Israels Sins were numberless and great,

Long time God seem'd not to chassise, but threat;

Ten Murmurings he passed-by,

When in the Desert they did ly,

Their Whoredoms and Idolatry;

His whole Displeasure wou'd not show,

[too.]

Endur'd the Golden Calf, and those of Dan and Bethel

And in Rebellion when more mad,

Apostacy to Idols they did add,

D 3

Into

Into his Temple Baalim brought,

The Heathens worst Abominations wrought,

His Patience thus tho highly urg'd,

He did not them destroy, but scourg'd;

Deliver'd them into the Hand,

Of those enslav'd them in a forcign Land,

But with a Purpose to recal again,

And that his People still they shou'd remain.

They found his Oath, to Abra'm true,
As they their Sins, his Mercy unto them he did renew,

manny M.

But the Messiah, their Redeemer, kill;
This Act, for Pardon, left no place,
Mercy it self, in Him, they did destroy, and Grace
And wrought not only Deportation,
Some Weeks of Years of Desolation,
But the intire Rejection of their Nation.

His Wrath, so long restrain'd, God on them lay'd,

Into

This last Offence for all the former pay'd.

Into the Place of Abra'ms carnal Seed,
He made his spiritual Offspring to succeed.
These only, for his People, now did know [bestow And all the formers Titles, Priviledges, did on these And when St. Paul does to the Churches write To all Believers he does give the Name

Of Saints, it being now their Right, Jews, to this Title, having forfeited their Claim.

III.

But this high Honour's little in the Eyes,
Of our thrice holy Sectaries,
Thus to be herded, they disdain,

To march i'th' common Christian Train,

Those the Apostles holy call, they count Prophane,

Affect a more Supreme degree, Saints above the Saints to be.

And more exc'llent Precepts do they give?

Than others do they better live?

Divine Credentials can they show,

They more than former Ages know?

Sad Experience answers, No.

Rude Behaviour, uncouth Garments.

D 4

New

New coyn'd Words, distorted Looks,
Ignorance, and contempt of Books,
To all Government, Perversness,
To Conviction, an Aversness.
To speak the Truth, the Faith they do desert,
Religion, all that's facted, to a Farce convert.

IV.

WHen James and John, to our Lord their Mother
To fit at's right and left Hand him befought,
They might the Honour in his Kingdom have,
Says he, You know not what it is you crave-----

So we may fay to those 'mong us aspire,
To th' Name of Saints, you know not what it is that
Can you sustain the Burden you take up? Eyou desire.
Support the Honour, which you so usurp?
The stile of Saint is not a flaunting Name,

To give a Sect Repute and Fame,
A Term, a Badge; but does denote a State,
Dutys requires of an Heroick Rate.

The Saints Gods Champions are, 'Gainst Hell and Sin they War:

Temptati-

Temptations, Hardships undergo,
All Dangers, Torments, Death it self break thro.

And as their Calling's higher the

So from them greater Wifdom all require;

And if at any time they fall, and one descent

None their Lapfe, does Frailty call.

But in their Eyes it does avail,

As when Natures felf does fail,

And, as a Monster's look't upon by All:

a utaris right and left land more longitt.

IF St. Paul's Advice be therefore good,

who lately flood : water average

Much more it will become their Care,

To keep their Footing, who Exalted are.

For if a Fall on level Ground,

A Bone may break, or Limb may Wound,

He that walks upon a Tow'r,

Had need be circumspect that Hour,

If Heedless here he be and rash,

To pieces his whole Body he may dafh.

Those Angels from their Station fell,

Stopt not, till they came to Hell.

And

And fo.

Flower go. An Hypocrite Saint will fink, until he can no The Title therefore wave, and be the Thing; An empty Name to Heaven none e'er did bring. That which on Aarons Miter was inscrib'd, Holiness to the Lord, let none thro' Pride, In Capital Letters on his Forehead write, But labour to be Holy in his fight.

While to be Christ's, you all declare, You do confess, that you no Christians are. The Sin o'th' Jews and yours comes all to One, They took away Christ's life, and you allow him none.

Heriticks in the Days of Old, T'oppose some single Truths were bold : But Quakers dare.

'Gainst Universal Faith declare.

All Christian Doctrines, Worship, Churches, brand, Whose sacred Rites, Professors, Structures stand, Besmeer'd, with Ordure, by their impious Hand. Nor Holy Scriptures do they less blaspheme, Advancing bove them, what themselves do dream. SubSubjection to all Magistrates, disown,
Usurp both Pow'r of Parliament and Throne,
A Sect, by Leather Breeches, first begun,
Rude and Seditious, silly and course-spun;
In which, for th' highest Place, these two do vie,
Excess of Folly and Impiety;
Contemn'd by all the Sober, Pious, Wise.
But they by their Numbers fright, those who their
For th' Ecclesiastic and the Civil State, [Cant despise,
Profess'dly are their Grievance and their Hate.
And cou'd they reach their highest Aim and Vow,
They wou'd destroy, All that they disallow.

The Muses.

I.

PHabus, his daily Course being run,

His Rayes of fire

Quench't in the Sea, or else lay'd by,

Apollo now, and not the Sun,

The Prince and President of the Muses Quire,

As on Parnassus he did ly,

Say'd,

Say'd, you to whom I did bequeath,
My Daphnes ever verdant Wreath,
Refresh me with your charming Layes,
Our Votaries record, those who adors the Bayes.

Thalia promptest of the Nine,

Whose Harp was ever tun'd, as ever strung,

At his Command thus Sung, In losty Numbers and Divine. All mortal and immortal Pow'rs,

All that are great in Heaven and Earth are Ours

The God's themselves do higher prize

A Hymn, than Sacrifice;

To be extoll'd, for doing Good, [Blood, Than have their Alters flow with Sheeps and Oxens

II.

The mighty Hero, when h' as fought,
And Conquest, his high Wishes glut,
All Opposition, under him has brought,
On Necks of Kings has set his Foot
Whose noble Deeds shine forth so bright,
His very Person is a sight;

P

W

T

And never moves without the Ax and Rods

To shew that Life and Death

Depend upon his Breath,

And that his Pow'r approaches to the Gods.

. ...

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P. 10.

Section 1

d, ns

A

This Pomp and Glory he does lightly prize,

His Tribute and Dominion yet much more despile.

With all the Vulgars gaze,

And simple Praise,

An Ode of Pindars far esteemeth more,

[all the PeoplesRore.

Than Crouds and Crowns, than Trophies Triumphs
The great Pelean Prince, Achilles Tomb
Beholding, wep't: and his a happyer Doom

Pronounc'd, in being fung in Homer's Verse,

Than to be stil'd himself, Lord of the Universe.

III.

Beauty, which does fuch mighty Monarchs sway,
Makes them to stoop, whom all beside obey;
At whose proud Feet do prostrate ly,
Riches, Youth, Nobility,

Who causes her own Fair Sex for Envy dy.

This her Empire holds below The Glorys, we the Muses do bestow,

Fam'd

Fam'd Helen thought it less,

To reign a Queen, than to be enthron'd in Verse.

And Julia did their Court despise,

Who her Person did admire,

Because Augustus was her sire.

What was so great in their's, was little in her Eyes,

Chose Ovids celebrated Love to be,

Before her high Imperial Dignity.

The Learned and the Wife

Seek Fame, tho under Truths disguise.

Thy felf, great Pean, the admired Eye

Of Heav'n, when brightest thou dost shine,

Th' art but a Planet in the Skye,

At Helicon a God, and Pow'r Divine.

A Chorus here of all the Nine

Joyn'd in the Close,

arose

And Phabus, to restore the Day, to mortal Men

this I year bilde will

Support bus the world

The Sullen Shepherd.

I

PRetending Muse! What dost thou here? Nought more Ungrateful can appear; Thy Laurel I disclaim and Lyre, Thy Verse and Musick less admire; I'd rather see a shaggy Coat, Than this thy gorgeous Drefs, and Varie gated Coat, Th' adored Idol of our Plains, Th' Ambition of our most accomplish't Swains, Fair Aleria, for a while, By thy Arts I did beguil. She did pronounce, that I wou'd prove most true, Who knew fo well, Beauty and Worth to give their I due. On this Success I bore me high, But while on thee I did rely, Behold! where foil'd and scorn'd upon the Ground! [Ilv.

II who show divorce in

In which I Sung, and on the Pipe did play,
Thro' Natures secrets That my Song did'st steer,
And the Celestial Orbs that guid the Year.
In wond'rous Strains I made our Shepherds know,
Whence fruitful and unfruitful Seasons flow,
Philosopher, Bard, Astronomer, I my self did show
Our rev'rend Priest, Damon, the learned sire,
My soaring Numbers did so much admire,
Upon my Brow he plac'd his sacred Wreath,
Saying, My Son, This I to thee bequeath,
My Crook, my Pipe, my Priest-hood, all I leave.
As to an Oracle, the Congress all did bow,
With joynt Consent, his Legacy allow.

III.

Young Thyrsis next to Sing arose,
For Theme the flow'ry Medows chose,
Soft Fancys did his Subject grace,
But more the Beautys in his Face

12116

The

Ί

The Rose and Liky there
Than those i'th' Field were held more fair,
These chiefly did support his Cause,
When Art did fail, acquir'd him high Applause.
The Nymphs o'rewhelm'd him with their Show'rs
Of Garlands, and of fragrant Flow'rs;

Aleria too, however flow

Me to adorn, did forward show,

By others willing to be led,

To plant a Rosse Chaplet on his Head.

Is this Thy promis't vast Renown?

Is this a Poets never with'ring Crown?

The Flow'r of Youth furvives more Days;
A Flow'r it felf, than Thy immortal Bayes.

IV.

TO's Raving thus the Muse reply'd.

Art thou Strephon so Blear ey'd!

Which holdest thou the nobler Prize,

Th' Applause of Girles, or Judgment of the Wise?

If Ideots know not Good from Bad,

Must all that's Exc'lent, be accounted Mad?

E

16

Becaufe

Because Aleria answers not thy Flame, Are Phabus and the Muses sacred Choire to blame? This said,

And the convinc't of Folly in his Mind,
One Word, the Sullen, cou'd not find,
T'implore her stay.

Obscurer now became his Day,
But while he in Consusion lay,
To his amazement and surprize,
He saw Aleria stand with weeping Eyes:
And yet in Tears shewing Celestial Grace,
Strange! so near Heaven, sorrow shou'd find a

V.

STrephon, said she, your Faith I come to prove Faultless Aleria, all that knew, did love: But when so many su'd my Grace to find, To thee, Fam'd Shepherd, I was only kind. This is the Hour,

Tis put within thy Power,

To

To return my Generous Deed.

Favour I then bestow'd; but Favour now I need;

Which tho I say, (for my late acted Part)

Iread my Crime in thy enraged Eyes, not in my Heart.

After that Damon had advanc'd thy Fame

To so Divine a Pitch, me who cou'd blame,

If I to add my trisling Flow'rs, was then with-held by

If thou some savage Beast should'st see, [shame?

Lion or Tiger seize on me,

With hazard of thy Life, thou'dst set me free.

No Cruelty of Lions, Tigers, equals that of Jealousie.

And you in I care leving

ce.

ve.

d.

T

Her Words his Heart, her Presence charm'd his
Yet still Morose and Foe to's own Delight;
As beneath the Oak he lay,
He only this vouchsaf'd to say;
I am resolv'd, not to out-live this Day,
You are the Murderer, tho I my self do say.
At hearing which, she fell into a Swound,
And like a Star, tho Dead, she shon upon the Ground'

E 2

Horro

Horror did now his Soul invade,

Of's hateful Mood he grew himself afraid,

He saw the Tendance of his black Disease,

And trembling, set the Nymph to chear, and God's
No longer dally'd and delay'd,

[t'appease.

But all that Duty, Pity, Reason did command, obey'd.

Hy templated access plant research above with State the indicated and the material State of the indicated and the material State of the state of the

The Words of our Lord Luke 23.17.

[Daughters of Jerusalem meep not for me, but meep for your selves ---]

Apply'd to the Superstitious Penitents of the Church of Rome:

Thy misplac'd Tears, blind Penitent forbare,
With Sighs to raise a Tempest in the Air;
Cease the sad Suffrings of our Lord to mourn,
That's Head with Thorns, his Flesh with whips was
To hug his Cross desist, to kiss his Wounds, torn;
Placing in these Contrition's utmost Bounds.

Let faithles Jews lament this Tragic story, Authors of's Death, and Exiles from his Glory; These were they did the Holy One destroy, To their Eternal Woe, but Christians Joy; Tho' they can never expiate their Guilt, The World was saved by the Blood they spilt.

E 3

Tis

'Tis true, that all Apostates Christ do slay. All murder him, who not his Laws obev : But weep not then, Our Lord suffain'd such Pain, But weep for thee, he suffer'd all in vain; Weep, when for Sinhe under Torments dy'd, No Sin by thee was ever mortify'd; Weep not the Soldiers mock't, and him disguis'd, But him thy felf has ridicul'd despis'd; Weep, 'cause the good his Death for others wrought, Greater Damnation upon thee has brought.

Th' immortal Soul is fuch a precious Thing, That to redeem, it Christ from Heav'n did bring; The lapfed Souls of Men, I fay, to fave, He chang'd his Glory for a Cross and Grave. And now they 're Ranfom'd at so vast a Rate, They far excel their Primitive Estate; He then that now does for this Jewel trade, The World tho gain'd, has an ill Bargain made; Not only what's immortal does despise, But Heav'ns dear Purchase also lightly prize; Parts with his Soul Redeem'd, and Saviour too, C When Merey's felf no more for him can do. Or on W

Here

1.

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F

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T

W

Here is no place to act a Pageant Part Of Grief, Christ's Suffrings to set-off with Art, Rejoyce in these, bewail thy wicked Heart.

Ween when we are to Isaiah 53. v. 2.

-He bath no form nor comliness in him, and when we shall see him, there is no beauty that me shou'd desire bini.

Hus th' Evangelic Prophet long fore-told, The carnal Synagogue would Christ behold, When without Worldly Pomp he did appear, A King without a Court, a Sword or Spear; His Person and Pretences they'd disdain, Measuring him by his despicable Train. It was enough, cou'd they object no worfe, A mean Condition is it self a Curse, The Spirit, (as their Wise-men taught) deny'd, On any, but the Noble to abide. Cou'd they believe, that he cou'd Heav'n bestow, Who not a Foot of Earth, of's own cou'd flow?

Corpo

JMI

E 4

That

That he their Nation cou'd exalt and fave,

Whose miserable State relief did crave has a Prophet say he were in Word and Deed,

They all were Prophets, and they none did need;

T'expiate their Sins; their Priests well knew,

Their Business was, the Nations to subdue;

And tho' he spoke, as no Man ever spoke,

Words wou'd not free them from the Roman Yoke.

An Abject, daring Israel's Throne t'engross,

Deserv'd to be Exalted on the Cross.

With these the Impious, in all Ages joyn,
And with the Sanhedrim, 'gainst Christ combine;
See nought that's Great in him, nought to admire,
Nought that is lovely, or they can desire;
To Riches, say, he's a professed Foe,
Indeed to all, the World does Pleasant know;
So little aims Men's Happiness to improve,
He interdicts them what they most do love;
Joys visible and present bids forsake,
Invisible and absent to partake.
But Land on Earth they will exchange as soon,
For Lordships and Possessions in the Moon.

The

The Cloud conducted Israel in their Way, Cast Night on Pharaohs Host, on their's a Day. Messiah thus Inglorious in the fight of verbodies A Of sensual Men, Illust'rious is and bright with your In's Churches Eyes, 'bove all the can express, The can express of the can express, The can express, The can express of the ca Their Bulinels wa For all created Excellence is less: His Majesty does ravish and amaze, logi of tolebo A She can not speak it, tho' adore and praise What Words can shew Immensness in a Span? The fon of God veil'd in the fon of Man? His Deity, in his Works, to her was clear; In's Life, the Heav'n he promis't, did appear; Upon the Crofs as great in her Account, As when he was Transfigur'd on the Mount; Dominion, Wealth, for him, she does despise, The Crowns of Kings are Refuse in her Eyes.

O here! a Glorious Vision did appear, Tumultuous Clouds, amazing bright, Oft broke with intermingl'd Light, Reveal'd a Choire of Angels near.

So incleains Men's

He interdicts them w

Their airy Harps with Sunbeams strung,

Messiah great in Heaven, despis'd on Earth they sungBrisk Zephers held the Trebles place,

Soft roling Thunders made the Base.

The substance of their Hymn did say,
Th' Almighty can no-wise display
His Pow'r, but Mortals disobey;
When he reveal'd himself in Wonders,
In Fire, in Earthquakes, and in Thunders,
When Rocks, at his Approach did melt,
A Trump did louder, than loud Thunders sound.

His Voice, both Trump and Thunders drown'd

And things Inanimate the fragor felt,

Such Majesty they cou'd not brook,

No, not towards mount Sinai look,

His Presence bear.

His Voice too dreadful was for finful Men to hear.

And Miracles of Mercy wrought,
Because no Bloody fields he fought,

Nor

Nor captive Kings in fetters led,
No Prospect their Ambition saw
Of Empire, but a holy and a hateful Law,
They him did more despise, than dread.
Tho, at his Word, the Blind did see,
And cleansed was the Leprosy,
The Dead did rise, the Lame did walk,
The Dumb and Deaf both hear and talk,
The Seas and Winds rebuk't, gave way,
They durst Blaspheme and Disobey.

IV.

Discount Messab on the Score,

They ought him chiefly to adore;

The Son of God deny'd to be,

Because he hung upon a Tree;

Altho, when after he was slayn,

His Pow'r more Mighty did remain:

All Kingdoms to his Scepter bow,

Their Wisemen, bove their own, his Wisdom did al
When not only he set free,

Some sew from Satans Tyranny,

But

But the whole World by him opprest,
The World a Demoniac grown, he dispossest.
The Shechinah was glorious here,
Miracle and Prodigy did both appear,
Gainst all they saw, they stuck not to declare,
On th' other side their Lusts and Vices were.

A Fiat did the World create,
But fallen Man to re-estate,
Did both Grace and Pow'r require,
To save him 'gainst his own Desire,
To save him, and God's justice save,
Did the whole System of his Wisdom crave,
And the much Goodness did with it abound,
All was too little found,
To make a Sinner bliss enjoy,
And the free Agent not destroy,
Gratis the losty Regions he'd posses,
Like Stars, but not on Terms of Holiness.
Six days gave Heav'n, and all its Host their Birth,

Th' ebdurate Rocks, and stubborn Earth;
But tho six thousand Years are near run-out,
Men to Obedience are not brought about.

On the first six Verses of the 63 Chapter of Isaiah.

Proph.

What mighty Warrior's this, that comes the way Of Edom, all stain'd with Blood from Bozrah?
Whose stately March, and Martial garbe proclaim A Hero of immortal Rank and Name?

Christ.] I, who in Righteousness destroy and save, Give some a Kingdom, and to some a Grave.

Proph.] Why art thou foyl'd with Gore, thy Gar-[ments red.

Like unto those who in the Wine-press tread?

Christ.] Well thou allud'st: the Wine-press I alone

Have trod, when to affift me there was none.

A General I am without an Hoft,

My Fellow-Soldier none himself can boast.

Singly the God o'th' World I did engage,

Singly sustain his, and his party's Rage.

The Blood thou feeft, which thus my Raiment dies,

Bedience are not brought about

Conquest's proclaim, mysterious Victory's:

For never Captain did by Sword and Spear,

As I by Wounds, fo high a Trophy rear,

When

When cover'd-ore with these, I forc't my Way
Thro' the Foes guarded Quarters, did display
My Banner, till Ibroke his whoe Aray.

First, I his Temples and his Pomps defac't,
Silenc'd his Oracles, his Priests disgrac't,
All Monuments of his Deity eras'd;
To Damons Men now sacrifice no more,
But Execrate, what late they did adore.

Aloft, I next, my facred Standard bear

Amid'st his Principality, the Air,

His Legions made my Chains, like Meteors, wear.

Thence to th' Infernal Regions did descend,

To the Amazement of the Lordly Fiend;

And tho' worse Evils, than he does partake,

He cou'd not fear, I made his Greatness quake.

Broke-up his fenced Prison of the Grave

The Iron bars and gates a sunder clave;

Captives brought thence, and made the Tyrant see,

Altho' the rest still slept, they all were free.

The proud Usurper thus I did unthrone,

Forc't him his Lord, unwilling, yet to own.

The

The Ransom'd World now Alelujahs sing,
Blessed, and Blessing, of their Heavenly King
From Hell and Satans Bondage all are free,
But those who choose his Vassals still to be.

The Christian Slave.

IT was the Hour, that Slaves allowed were, [pair Bove Ground to breath, their wasted Strength re-With mouldy Bread, soul Water, sted of Wine, An aged worthy issued from the Mine, Grisly and Horrid, with six Christians more, They sigh'd, but without sighs the Hero bore His massy Chain: Heav'n for their Fare did bless, With larger Thanks and Grace, than those express, Whose Tables loaded are with all Excess.

My Brethren said, sall-to with chearful Heart, More then ten Years I'ave acted here my Part, Whether my Food did nourish, or did kill, Was not my Care, but to perform the Will

Of our Great Lord: We come not here, y' are sure. For Health or Good, but Torments to endure For sacred Truth; such Courage then let's show, May make Idolaters the Diffrence know Between a God, and senseles Stone. In vain I have not spent my Days, and fruitles Pain. But have confirm'd the Weak, the Faithful brought To suffer Death, by my Endurance taught; Fire and Wild-beasts withstand, and to contemn Their Persecutors, far worse Beast's than them; To choose to eat like Dogs upon the Ground, A Fare scarce better, than the Tables sound, Than in the Demons stately Temples seast, Devils adore, and be the Devils Guest.

The Bloody Guard, who all did over-hear,
Bid him the Food, before him, to forbear,
For him they had provided other Cheer.
Then with a hundred Stripes their Rage did reek,
Scarce left him Strength to breath, and lefs to speak.

He smiling said, Let not my Suffrings shake Your Courage Brethren, but more Constant make; They fail to reach in me their aim'd Effect, They have destroy'd, but cannot me deject.

Then turning to the Guard, Poor Men, sai'd he, While to Afflick you hop'd, y'ave set me Free, A Period put to all my Misery:
Whilst you did grudg your scant unwholsome Meat,

I'm call'd to a Celestial and Eternal Treat---His Pow'rs here sunk, not He; rather than Die,
He seem'd to triumph over Cruelty.

On the general Peace.

Ì.

IGnoble Peace is often known,
Worse, even than War, to make a People Groan:
But when Usurping Foes they quel,
A strong invading Pow'r repel,
Ambitious Neighbours keep in aw,
Prescribe, and not receive the Law;
Loud Triumphs, Publi'k Joy, declare,
Conduits with Wine, like Blood, do flow,
Such thundring Salvos rend the Air,

F

That

That even in Peace Men hardly know,
Whether it be true Peace, or no.
Such are the Joys from Reswicks Peace abound,
Blessings alone its Articles compound.

11.

A Sour Allies Conditions did obtain, With no less Conflicts then a Town is ta'ne, We in the hot and high Contest, Seem'd unconcern'd among the reft. Bandi'd, with no disputes, our Claim, No Days Transaction it does name We like Affesfors, not a Party came. A friendly Conference did our Plea decide, Nought we demanded, was therein deny'd. Portland and Boufflers met unarm'd i'th' Field, Their business was not there to fight, but yield; To make the World a rare Example fee, Two Hostile Nations vye Civility. Preliminaries to the Treaty were, Courtly Salutes, and Carriage fair. Complements did its Body frame, Mutual Embraces, and rich Presents end the same.

. THUH

II. The

111.

Discharg'd the Camp, does hold the Plow
Returns unto a former Trade,
The Ax, the Saw, the Trowel, or the Spade.
Muses alone assume their laid-by Arms,
The Marches sound, the Charges, sierce Alarms;
Make Bombs and Gannon in their Verses, roar,
Louder than from the Fort, or from the Shore.
The Images of War, the Real, drown,
With grateful Horror strike, the none they wound.

IV.

King William too, without annoy,
The Fruits of's Noble Conduct does enjoy;
Sits not on Horse both day and night,
While Storms of Rain and Hail,
Beat 'gainst his Cask and Mail,
A Duty harder, than to fight.
He now admits of Princely Ease,
The Pastimes that a Hero please;

Hunts the Stag and Fallow Deer. While Foes abroad his Prowess fear ; Receives three Nations Homage and Address, All striving highest to express, Their Honour, Duty, Love, and Happiness. And foreign States not backward are. The Bleffings to profess, by Him, they share.

Reat Prince! high Glory thou haft won, But count thy Warfare chang'd, not done; Th' haft many Sieges yet to form, Many strong Forts and Towns to storm, Vice, and Irreligion fight, The Foes of Peace to put to flight; Ambitious Friends, and Mal-Contents, stubborn Factions, Against all Reason steel'd, Brainless Fanaticks that want Sense to yield; Flatt'rers of thy prosperous State, William pretend to love, and yet a King do hate. Worthy Thy Self thou'lt find thy Task, Which Virtues does of Peace and War, Prudence T [and Valour, ask. Y

always better spake

Epigrams.

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While Foesiebrosh has Paul

EPIGRAMS.

On the two Scaligers.

ie;

Rove the most Learn'd exalted is your Name, Conjoyn'd with your infatiat Thirst of Fame; Which mov'd you, others Worth of't to deprefs, Jealous, their Glory, made your Glory less. When any did anoble Work produce, To th' Commonwealth of Learnings greatest Use, Y'allow'd it not the Author's, or did blame, dall Twas mean, or stolen, if not from You it came. If th' Age cry'd up some Exc'lent Person high, For Poetry, Languages, Philosophy----Their Parts you flighted, or did else deny; ce Tho, when in these a Proof you were to make, You cou'd not shew, you always better spake.

To

To damn a Work, 'twas a sufficient Cause,

To shew your single Vote, out-weigh'd all men's Ap
[plause]

Candor, among your Virtues, made no Blaze, If some there were, extorted from you Praise, 'I was rare, and short, or else your selves to raise: I hey had your help, or your Encouragement, All that was in them good by You was lent. To steal from others, tho you did disdain, Plagiarys to be of Fame, you held no stain. But from Erasmus while you did detract, And such as he, what was it but to act Against the Palm, to which you did aspire? Into Contempt to bring, (O mad Desire!) What in your selves you'd have the World admire? Pride thus o'erthrows its own Ambitious Ends, Foe to its self, and to its greatest Friends.

How much more Noble, and of more Renown, Were fincere Vossius, excellent Casaubon, Grotius, Gyraldus, and yet many more, Your Peers in Science, tho you they set before

Themselves: These lov'd and sought the Truth you Praise:

Knowledge was their Aim, yours, your Name to raise.

Learning deserves a Crown, as well as Bayes,

But scorn, when Arrogance the Scepter sways.

On Sylvia now in Years.

Wonder in Youth, and Miracle in Age,
Through all thy Life admir'd in ev'ry Stage!
At first all Flow'r, all Spring, all Air, and Spright,
All that in charming Virgins move delight.
These days pass't-o'er, thy Flow'r to Fruit did turn,
And those ador'd thee heretosore, did burn.
Years coming on, thy Beauty still did hold.
As drain'd from Humane Dregs, but not grown Old.
Temp'rance, and Vertue in thy Limbs do shine,
Interr'd, they'l make thy Grave a Silver Mine.

How much more bloble, and of mor

Were fincere Vallang exections of classen.

Your Peers in Science, the rowther fet before

Groting, Grabbing and generated a

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Ep

Theme

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1

To Paulus.

A Gen'rous deed a Lady having wrought,

The thanks, from the Oblig'd, by me was brought;

Which she receiv'd with such an Air and Mien

The greatness of her Mind therein was seen.

She did engage me often her to see,

With Words of more than bare Civility;

Her Person might a Courtly Eye delight,

And yet her Actions were a Nobler sight.

But by a near Converse I did descry,

Faults, I don't say, but Incongruity.

And holding it Ungrateful to be mute,

Madam, say'd I, this and this no way suit.

With the rare Virtues, which in you excel---
What was the Issue, wou'd you have me tell?

What was the Issue, wou'd you have me tell? Praise brought me in, Reproof did me expel.

On Galla.

As Flushings, Pimples many do molest,
Incessant Laughter does thy Face insest,
Who never mad'st, nor understood'st a jest.
Thou art o'th' Number whom the World despise,
For being neither fair, nor rich, nor wise,
Yet senseless thou in this deplored Case
Wear'st both the Fool, and Gracious in thy Face.

To Drufus.

T'Apollo and the Muses Claud's no Debtor better.

Drus'.] You will not think so, when you know him

I can assure you, Much in him you'l find,

It must be doubtless then, when he has Din'd.

On Nevia.

Thou never ceasest 'fore a Glass to prank,

To talk of Beauty, as of the first Rank

Thou wert: See'st not, how this does thee disgrace,

Brings thy Ill-shape to mind, and yet worse Face,

That

That Ugly thou art, none wou'd regard, or care, If thus pretend thou did'st not, to be Fair.

On Linus.

Book. Tought from the World th' aft learn'd, nor yet by Yet none so ill does all Instruction brook. Knowledge, thou think'ft, is but a proud Pretence Anothers diffring from thee in his Sense. And if what's better, than thou do'ft, wou'd show, Thou scrupl'st not to treat him, as a Foe. Enjoy thy Way; I will no more Endeavour, As thou desir'st, be thou a Sot for ever.

To Aphelia.

X7Hat is the Way, most pow'rfully does tend, Love to promote, and happily to End, Do'ft thou Aphelia, fair and young, enquire? Being desirable, express no desire. The Beautious need no forwardness to show, In being Fair alone, they always Woo.

When on steer a deaptys I did dote. Aghing, a mough, ocur desputy them denote;

On Calis.

Thou say'st, While thou my Counsel did'st beGiven to Aphelia, I did thee deceive:
For there-upon, neglecting all to Woo,
Th' 'ast found no more Regard, than an Old shoe.
To court I bid the Fair, not Thee, to shun.
But thy Mistake no harm to thee has done:
For who'd take-up, what's sluttish in his Way,
Tho ne'er so Earnestly it him show'd pray?

To Lovers.

Deluded Lovers come and learn of me,

I will disclose to you a Mysterie;

The Wonders in the Fair you so admire,

You find not in them, but your selves inspire;

Your selves create the Idol you adore,

A Goddess make, what was a Stock before.

Insuse the transport, nectar, and the bliss,

Which you believe resides in them you kiss.

When on Asterias Beautys I did dote,

Nothing, I thought, cou'd rightly them denote;

I summon'd Planets, Odors, Jewels, Flowers, Angels, feign'd Graces, and celestial Pow'rs; And all feem'd fhort: till Time and her Neglect. Open'd my Eyes, and did the Truth detect. Her Charms did then but weak and mean appear, In her Address she seem'd to come too near; Her Eyes I saw were Stars, no more than mine, Nor yet in a more real Heav'n did shine, When her Perfections I did duly fcan, and horizon The Diff'rence only was, a Maid and Man; As she excell'd in brightness of her skin, Her Facultys came short of mine within. All that I valued at so high a Price, Was but a Fools mistaken Paradice. Beauty's a liveless Corps, Love is its Soul, Cupid, not Venus, does the Heart controul.

To Godly Edwards, on his Gangrana.

Thy Book a dreadful Catalogue does show,
Of num'rous Sects, that did the Land oreslow.
From Forty One, till Truth again did dawn
In Blessed sixty: all the monst rous Spawn

Of

. Of Antinomians, Seekers, Independents,

Wild Ranters, Dippers, Atheists their Attendants:
When from the Air, the Marshes, and the Floods,
The desert Plains, the Mountains, and the Woods,
Accursed Spirits took the Form of Preachers,
[ers,
And stock't the Realm with Fiends instead of TeachWhose impious Wreaks no pow'r on Earth cou'd quell,
But they blasphem'd as boldly as in Hell.

Under these Sects, good Edwards thou did'st groan,
But did'st not see their Rise was from thine Own;
Thou did'st not see thou wert the true Church Hater,
Thy self a Rebel, Schismatick and Traitor.
As Errors, in some Cases, Pardon crave,
Thy Dulness, and Well-meaning thee may save.

To the same.

WHen on Diffenters Sins thou dost enlarge,
And them with Diabolick Lewdness charge,
Incest, Drunkenness, and Adultery,

num'rous Yed', but are been een

· Prophaneness, Atheism, and Blasphemy ...

Their

Their Hellish Crimes more hemous to express,
Gravely and soberly thou dost profess,
The Bishops and their Chaptains Sins were less.
When they, in Pow'r, good Christians did enjoyn;
Kneeling to take the Sacred Bread and Wine,
And with the Cross baptised Infants sign.
O wond'rous piercing and discerning Eye!
Cou'd this hid Truth, through such dark Mists descry.
Doting and biast thus thou dost deplore,
When prosp'rous Treason all before it bore,
And Rebel Covenanters had won the Day,
Accursed Independants shar'd the Prey.
So little Dogs are heard to whine and moan,
When Great insult, and sharch away their Bone.

On Zoilus.

Ean and Consumptive, and with Jaundice yellow.
Thou wert advis'd for Health, to turn Good-fellow
On this: thou faithfully didst ply the Pot,
And Flesh regain'dst, but art become a Sot.

On Calis and Clora. Mille H night

Alis and Clora both did Damon love, a squality Calis a Vulture feem'd, Clora a Dove; and notify Calis would kind, and angry also, shews or anilsan & As Love she bore, so Love she held her Due. Clora, not lighter touch'd by Capid's Bowson base That such a Right she had, yet did not know. Love, by a Sigh, the ferupl'd to display, but particular Offended, if a Blush did it betray? morgloug non W Her rak'd-up Fire did Damon scorch and chaim, Whom Calis blazing Flame could never warm.

So linie Dogs are nearly and similar of the Constant of the Co

When Great in

GLaucus employ'd his Pen, the Great to praise, But his vile Rithmes got neither Coin nor Bayes. Enrag'd at this, in a Satyric strain, He rail'd at all the World, but rail'd in vain; None were made angry, dld his Words regard, Or thought their Credit was at all impair'd. In the most Guilty he produc'd no Blushes, He whipt them not with Brambles, but with Rushes.

The Muses yet he does not quite despise, Tom-Thumb and Balads in the Streets he cries.

On Criticks.

Puff'd up and proud, why do most Criticks show?

Words, which are Wind, they glory most to know?

Who Judges are of Reason, Sense, and Wit,

On their own Acts, as well as others, sit:

But o're a World, tho' but of Words, these reign,

They all, beside their Tribe, like Kings, discain.

Useful they are: and so are other Tools

In skilful Hands, Toys in the hands of Fools.

To Celer.

I Eighty Five, thou in a Vigorous Age,
Demandst, Which way I now my Pen engage?
How I the rigorous Season entertain?
I'th' Lyrick, or the Epigrammick Vein?
Neither: And tho' at no Design I drive,
My Work's not small, to keep my self alive.

FINIS

